B. Tech (Sem.3rd)

ENGINEERING MATHEMATICS-III

Subject Code :BTAM-301 Paper ID : [A1128]

Time: 3 Hrs.

Max. Marks:60

- **Note:-** (1) Section-A is compulsory all question attempts, Consisting of Ten short answer type question carrying Two marks each.
 - (2) Attempt any Four question is Section-B. each question carrying Five marks.
 - (3) Attempt any Two question is Section-C.each question carrying Ten marks.

SECTION-A

- Q1. (a) Explain Euler's formula for finding Fourier series for the function f(x) over the (2x10=20) interval $-\pi \le x \le \pi$,
 - (b) Discuss whether cosecx can be expanded in the fourier series in 'the interval $-\pi \le x \le \pi$?
 - (c) State and prove First shifting theorem of finding Laplace transform
 - (d) Find Laplace transform of $e^{-2t} \int_{0}^{t} \frac{sin t}{t} dt$
 - (e) Write down the expression for generating function of Bassel's function. In(x), nu + w integer.
 - (f) Find the solution of $x \frac{d^2y}{dx^2} + y = 0$ in terms of Bessel's function.
 - (g) Form the Partial Differential by eliminating arbitrary function from $-\frac{1}{2}f_1(x)f_2(y)$
 - (h) Solve the Partial Differential equation Ptanx-tan yq=tanz. Where $p = \frac{Z}{X}$, $q = \frac{\partial Z}{\partial y}$
 - (i) Show that $f(z) = \cosh z$ is analytic.
 - (j) Find the bilinear transformation that map the points z=0,-i,-l into the points w=i,l,0

1

M-56071

 $(\dot{\varphi}, \dot{\varphi})$

Q2. Find the Half range Fourier cosine series of the function

 $f(x) = (x-1)^2, 0 \le x \le 1$ Also deduce that

$$\frac{\pi^2}{6} = \frac{1}{1^2} + \frac{1}{2^2} + \frac{1}{3^2} + \dots$$

- Q3. Using method of Laplace Transfom, Solve the following Differentia equation $\frac{d^2x}{dt^2} + 9x = \cos 2t, \quad x(\theta) = 1, x(\pi/2) = -1$
- Q4. Solve the homogeneous partial differential equation

$$\frac{\partial^2 \mathbf{z}}{\partial x^2} - 3 \quad \frac{\partial^2 \mathbf{z}}{\partial x \partial y} + 2 \frac{\partial^2 \mathbf{z}}{\partial y^2} = e^{2x + 3y} + \sin(x - 2y)$$

- Q5. Prove that $\frac{d}{dx} [x^n J_n(x)] = x^n J_{n-1}(x)$
- Q6. Find the analytic function whose imaginary part is sinh xcos y.

SECTION-C

(10x2=20)

- Q7. Find series solution of the differential equation $x(2+x^2) \frac{d^2y}{dx^2} \frac{dy}{dx} 6x = 0$
- Q8. A homogeneous rod of conducting material of length 1 cm has its ends kept at zero temperature and the temperature initially is $u(x,0)=3 \sin \pi x$, Find the temperature u(x,t) at any time.
- Q9. (a) Expand $\frac{1}{(z+1)(z+3)}$ in Laurrent series in the interval 1 < |z| < 3
 - (b) Evaluate $\int_C \frac{z+1}{z^4-2z^3} dz$ where C is the circle |z| = 1/2

----END-----