Roll No.

Total No. of Pages: 02

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B.Tech.(Electronics Engg./3D Animation & Graphics) (2012 Onwards) B.Tech.(CSE/ECE/Electronics & Computer Engg./ETE/IT) (2011 Onwards) (Sem.-3)

OBJECT ORIENTED PROGRAMMING USING C++

Subject Code: BTCS-305 Paper ID: [A1129]

Time: 3 Hrs.

Max. Marks: 60

INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES:

- SECTION-A is COMPULSORY consisting of TEN questions carrying TWO marks each.
- 2. SECTION-B contains FIVE questions carrying FIVE marks each and students have to attempt any FOUR questions.
- 3. SECTION-C contains THREE questions carrying TEN marks each and students have to attempt any TWO questions.

SECTION-A

1. Write briefly:

- 1. Draw flow chart to find the largest of three numbers.
- 2. Why are classes in C++ called Abstract Data Types?
- 3. Explain the difference between abstraction & data hiding.
- 4. Why are classes in CPP called Abstract Data Types?
- 5. Explain the use of get & put pointer in file handling.
- 6. Explain how memory is allocated to classes & objects.
- 7. Distinguish between static members & variables. How are they useful?
- 8. What are virtual constructors? Give relevant examples to explain it.
- 9. What are static functions? Explain how friendship function is used in C++.
- 10. What are the various input statements of C++?

SECTION-B

- 2. What is a constructor and destructor? What is the use of default & copy constructors? Is a constructor mandatory for a Class? Explain by giving examples in each case.
- 3. Explain how base class member functions can be invoked in a derived class if the derived class also has a member function with the same name.
- 4. What is a virtual function? Explain its usage with example.
- 5. What are the various File Opening modes? How is (ios::app) mode different from (ios::ate mode)?
- 6. Explain what is overloaded operator & how does a compiler proceed to execute an overloaded operator.

SECTION-C

- 7. Write a program to copy the content of a data file to another tile. Make use of the exception handling conditions also.
- 8. Write a class to represent a vector (a series of float values). Include member functions to perform the following tasks:
 - a) To create the vector
 - b) To modify the value of a given element
 - c) To multiply by a scalar value
 - d) To display the vector in the form (10, 20, 30,...)

Write a program to test your class

9. Write a program to overload the plus operator to add two complex numbers.